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in Curaçao, the port from which she last sailed. I hear that the case in Curaçao is sporadic, having been imported from Maracaibo, Venezuela.

The press reports an epidemic of enteric fever at Caracas.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AFRICA—*Sierra Leone*.—Two weeks ended July 15, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 35. No contagious diseases.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Newcastle*.—Month of June, 1904. Estimated population, 49,850. Total number of deaths, 50, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 2, and 7 from tuberculosis.

BAHAMAS—*Governors Harbor*.—Two weeks ended August 6, 1904. Estimated population, 1,500. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay, Abaco.—Two weeks ended August 4, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended August 6, 1904. Estimated population, 12,650. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

BRAZIL—*Pernambuco*.—Two weeks ended July 15, 1904. Estimated population, 200,000; total number of deaths, 426, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 1, smallpox 23, yellow fever 1, and 47 from phthisis pulmonalis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended July 30, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 16.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,287.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended July 30, 1904. Estimated population, 285,089. Total number of deaths, 190, including diphtheria 6, measles 17, whooping cough 1, and 15 from phthisis pulmonalis.

London.—One thousand four hundred and twenty-three deaths were registered during the week, including measles 36, scarlet fever 7, diphtheria 5, whooping cough 13, enteric fever 6, smallpox 2, and 301 from diarrhœa. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.0 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,094 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 4 from diphtheria, 3 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, and 4 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended July 30, 1904, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 15.9 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 4.0, and the highest in Portadown, viz, 31.0 per 1,000. In Dublin

and suburbs 136 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, measles 4, whooping cough 2, and 24 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended July 30, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 14.1 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Greenock, viz, 9.0, and the highest in Paisley, viz, 19.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 466, including diphtheria 2, measles 7, scarlet fever 2, and 19 from whooping cough.

JAMAICA—Kingston.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 132, including 12 from phthisis pulmonalis.

SPAIN—Barcelona.—Ten days ended July 31, 1904. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 350, including enteric fever 8, measles 3, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 14, and 22 from phthisis pulmonalis.

SWITZERLAND.—Reports for the two weeks ended July 16, 1904, from 18 cities and towns having an aggregate population of 808,000, show a total of 497 deaths, including diphtheria 5, enteric fever 8, measles 16, scarlet fever 2, whooping cough 4, and 75 from phthisis pulmonalis.

For the same period 104 cases of enteric fever were reported in the city of Berne.

WEST INDIES—St. Thomas.—Two weeks ended July 29, 1904. Estimated population, 12,019. Total number of deaths, 13. No contagious diseases.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 25 to August 26, 1904.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 26, 1903, to June 24, 1904, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 24, 1904.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Antung.....	July 15.....	.....	.....	Present.
Hanoi.....	June 17.....	.....	4	
Hongkong.....	May 15-June 25	33	30	Two cases on ss. Ping Shan from Saigon.
Saigon.....	June 17.....	.....	.....	Present.
Formosa:				
Tamsui.....	June 1-30.....	1	1	
France:				
Paris.....	July 24-30.....	1	1	
India:				
Bombay.....	June 8-28.....	.....	3	
Calcutta.....	May 22-July 9	.....	139	
Madras.....	May 28-June 17	.....	4	
Persia:				
Hamadan.....	June 25.....	.....	.....	Present.
Koom.....	June 25.....	.....	.....	130 cases daily.
Sultanabad.....	July 16.....	.....	.....	Present.
Teheran.....	June 25-July 9	.....	.....	300 deaths daily.